Points, Lines, and Planes



Vocabulary

Review

Draw a line from each net in Column A to the three-dimensional figure it represents in Column B.

Column A

Column B

1.





2.





3.





Vocabulary Builder

conjecture (noun, verb) kun JEK chur

Main Idea: A conjecture is a guess or a prediction.

 $\textbf{Definition:} \ \ A \ \textbf{conjecture} \ is \ a \ conclusion \ reached \ by \ using \ inductive \ reasoning.$

Use Your Vocabulary

Write *noun* or *verb* to identify how the word *conjecture* is used in each sentence.

- **4.** You make a *conjecture* that your volleyball team will win.
- **5.** Assuming that your sister ate the last cookie is a *conjecture*.
- **6.** You *conjecture* that your town will build a swimming pool.



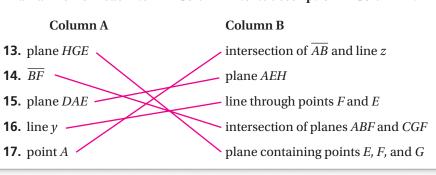
Key Concept Undefined and Defined Terms

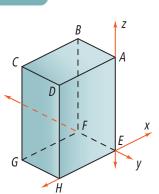
Write the correct word from the list on the right. Use each word only once.

	Undefined or Defined Term	Diagram	Name
7.	point	<i>A</i> •	А
8.	line	A B	ĀB
9.	plane	A B P	Р
10.	segment	A B	ĀB
11.	ray	A B	ÀB
12.	opposite rays	A C B	₹Ã, ₹B

line
opposite rays
plane
point
ray
segment

Draw a line from each item in Column A to its description in Column B.





take note

Postulates 1-1, 1-2, 1-3, and 1-4

18. Complete each postulate with *line, plane,* or *point*.

Postulate 1-1 Through any two points there is exactly one _?_.

Postulate 1-2 If two distinct lines intersect, then they intersect in exactly one _?_.

Postulate 1-3 If two distinct planes intersect, then they intersect in exactly one _?_.

Postulate 1-4 Through any three noncollinear points there is exactly one ?..

line

point

line

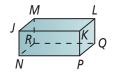
plane

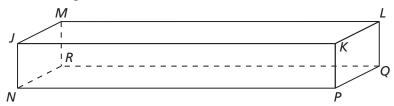
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W	rite P if the sta	atement describe	s a <i>postulate</i> or U if i	t describes an	undefined term.					
	19. A poin	t indicates a locat	ion and has no size.							
	20. Through any two points there is exactly one line.									
-	21. A line is represented by a straight path that has no thickness and extends in two opposite directions without end.									
	22. If two distinct planes intersect, then they intersect in exactly one line.									
	23. If two distinct lines intersect, then they intersect in exactly one point.									
	24. Through any three nontcollinear points there is exactly one plane.									
G	ot It? Reaso		gments and Ray form a line. Are they below.	•	s? Explain.					
25. Draw and label points E and F . Then draw \overrightarrow{EF} in one color and \overrightarrow{FE} in another color.										
1	26. Do \overrightarrow{EF} and \overrightarrow{FE} share an endpoint?				Yes / No					
	27. Do \overrightarrow{EF} and \overrightarrow{FE} form a line?				Yes / No					
28	28. Are \overrightarrow{EF} and \overrightarrow{FE} opposite rays? Yes / No									
29). Explain you	r answer to Exerc	ise 28.							
	Problem 3	Finding the	Intersection of	Two Planes	D	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Got lt? Each surface of the box at the right represents part of a plane. What are the names of two planes that intersect in \overrightarrow{BF} ? 30. Circle the points that are on \overrightarrow{BF} or in one of the two planes.										
30	_	B C		o pianes.	<i>C</i> II	Γ				
31	. Circle anoth		D E e BFG. Underline ano	_	G H plane <i>BFE</i> .					
	ABF	BCD	BCG	CDH	FGH					
32	. Now name	two planes that in	tersect in \overrightarrow{BF} .							

Got lt? What plane contains points L, M, and N? Shade the plane.

33. Use the figure below. Draw \overline{LM} , \overline{LN} , and \overline{MN} as dashed segments. Then shade plane LMN.





Underline the correct word to complete the sentence.

- **34.** \overline{LM} , \overline{LN} , and \overline{MN} form a triangle / rectangle.
- **35.** Name the plane.



Lesson Check • Do you UNDERSTAND?

Are \overrightarrow{AB} and \overrightarrow{BA} the same ray? Explain.

 $\label{lem:correct} \textbf{Underline the correct symbol to complete each sentence.}$

- **36.** The endpoint of \overrightarrow{AB} is A/B.
- **37.** The endpoint of \overrightarrow{BA} is A/B.
- **38.** Use the line. Draw and label points *A* and *B*. Then draw \overrightarrow{AB} and \overrightarrow{BA} .

39. Are \overrightarrow{AB} and \overrightarrow{BA} the same ray? Explain.



Math Success

Check off the vocabulary words that you understand.

point line plane segment ray postulate axiom

Rate how well you understand points, lines, and planes.

