

11-4

Volumes of Prisms and Cylinders

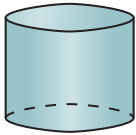


Vocabulary

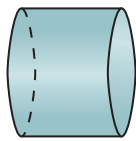
Review

Label each diagram *cylinder* or *prism*.

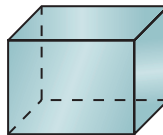
1.



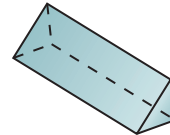
2.



3.



4.



Vocabulary Builder

composite (adjective, noun) kum PAHZ it

Related Words: compound, combination, component

Definition: **Composite** means put together with distinct parts.

Main Idea: A **composite** is a whole made up of different parts.

Use Your Vocabulary

Complete each statement with the correct phrase from the list below. Use each phrase only once.

composite function

composite map

composite number

composite sketch

5. A ? combines different descriptions of features.

6. A ? has factors other than one and the number.

7. A ? shows the locations of shopping malls, houses, and roads in one illustration.

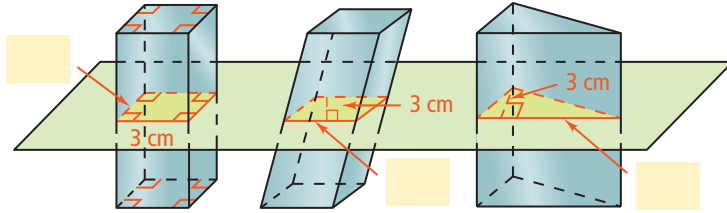
8. A ? shows how to apply at least one function to another function.

Take note

Theorem 11-5 Cavalieri's Principle

If two space figures have the same height and the same cross-sectional area at every level, then they have the same volume.

9. The three prisms below have the same height and the same volume. The first is a square prism. Label the missing dimensions.



10. Circle the solid(s) that may have the same cross-sectional area at every level.

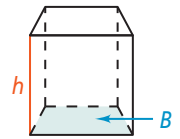
cone cylinder prism pyramid

Take note

Theorem 11-6 Volume of a Prism

The volume of a prism is the product of the area of the base and the height of the prism.

$$V = Bh$$

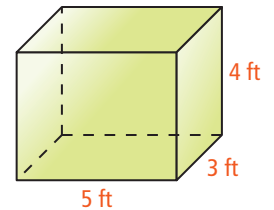


11. A prism with a base area of 15 m^2 and a height 4 m has a volume of m^3 .
12. A prism with a volume of 81 ft^3 and a height of 3 ft has a base area of ft^2 .



Problem 1 Finding the Volume of a Rectangular Prism

Got It? What is the volume of the rectangular prism at the right?

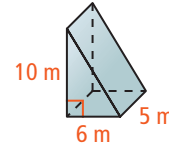


13. Circle the measurements of a base of the prism.
 $3 \text{ ft} \times 4 \text{ ft}$ $3 \text{ ft} \times 5 \text{ ft}$ $4 \text{ ft} \times 5 \text{ ft}$
14. Underline the correct word to complete the sentence.
 The base is a rectangle / square .
15. Find B .
 $B = \square \cdot \square$
 $= \square \cdot \square$
 $= \square$
16. Find V .
 $V = \square \cdot \square$
 $= \square \cdot \square$
 $= \square$
17. Underline the correct word to complete the sentence.
 The units for this volume are cubic / square feet .
18. The volume of the prism is .



Problem 2 Finding the Volume of a Triangular Prism

Got It? What is the volume of the triangular prism at the right?



19. The base is a right triangle with legs of length m and m.

20. The height of the prism is m.

21. Complete the formula for volume of a prism. $V = \text{input} \cdot \text{input}$

22. Find the area of the base.

$$\begin{aligned}
 A &= \frac{1}{2} \cdot \text{input} \cdot \text{input} \\
 &= \frac{1}{2} \cdot \text{input} \\
 &= \text{input}
 \end{aligned}$$

23. Find the volume of the prism.

$$\begin{aligned}
 V &= \text{input} \cdot \text{input} \\
 &= \text{input}
 \end{aligned}$$

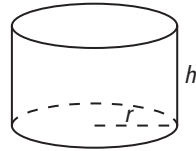
24. The volume of the triangular prism is m³.

Take note

Theorem 11-7 Volume of a Cylinder

The volume of a cylinder is the product of the area of the base and the height of the cylinder.

$$V = Bh, \text{ or } V = \pi r^2 h$$



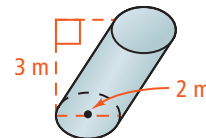
25. Shade a base of the cylinder at the right.

26. Describe the shape of the base.



Problem 3 Finding the Volume of a Cylinder

Got It? What is the volume of the cylinder at the right in terms of π ?



27. Complete the reasoning model below.

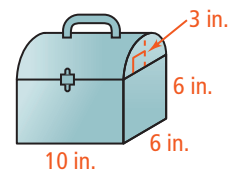
Think	Write
First I need to find the radius.	$r = \frac{\text{input}}{2} = \text{input}$
I can use the formula $V = \pi r^2 h$ and substitute for r and h .	$V = \pi \cdot \text{input}^2 \cdot \text{input}$
Now I simplify.	$V = \pi \cdot \text{input}$

28. The volume of the cylinder is m³.

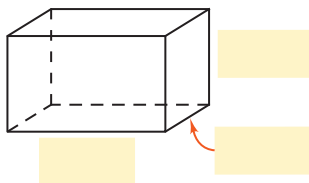
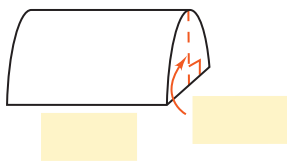


Problem 4 Finding Volume of a Composite Figure

Got It? What is the approximate volume of the lunch box shown at the right? Round to the nearest cubic inch.



29. The top and bottom of the lunch box are sketched below. Label the dimensions.



30. Find the volume of the top.

$$\begin{aligned} V &= \frac{1}{2}\pi r^2 h \\ &= \frac{1}{2}\pi(\text{ }^2)(\text{ }) \\ &= \text{ } \end{aligned}$$

31. Find the volume of the bottom.

$$\begin{aligned} V &= Bh \\ &= (\text{ } \cdot \text{ })(\text{ }) \\ &= \text{ } \end{aligned}$$

32. Find the sum of the volumes.

$$\begin{aligned} V &= \text{ } \pi + \text{ } \\ &\approx \text{ } \end{aligned}$$

33. The approximate volume of the lunch box is in.³.



Lesson Check • Do you UNDERSTAND?

Reasoning How is the volume of a rectangular prism with base 2 m by 3 m and height 4 m related to the volume of a rectangular prism with base 3 m by 4 m and height 2 m? Explain.

34. Cross out the formula that does NOT give the volume of a rectangular prism.

$V = Bh$

$V = \pi r^2 h$

$V = \ell wh$

35. The **Commutative / Identity** Property of Multiplication states that the product of factors is the same when listed in a different order.

36. Now answer the question.



Math Success

Check off the vocabulary words that you understand.



volume



composite space figure

Rate how well you can *find the volume of prisms and cylinders*.

Need to review

0

2

4

6

8

10

Now I get it!