

2-5

Standardized Test Prep

Reasoning in Algebra and Geometry

Multiple Choice

For Exercises 1–6, choose the correct letter.

- According to the Transitive Property of Equality, if $TX = XY$, and $XY = YZ$, then $TX = \square$.
 (A) TX (B) XY (C) YZ (D) TZ
- What property is illustrated by the statement, if $KL = LM$, then $LM = KL$?
 (F) Reflexive Property of Equality (H) Transitive Property of Equality
 (G) Symmetric Property of Equality (I) Division Property of Equality

Use the list of reasons below for Exercises 3–6. Choose the correct reason for each algebraic statement.

- | | |
|--|---|
| <input type="radio"/> (A) Subtraction Property of Equality | <input type="radio"/> (C) Distributive Property |
| <input type="radio"/> (B) Combine like terms. | <input type="radio"/> (D) Division Property of Equality |

Statements	Reasons
$3(x + 2) + 1 = 8$	Given
$6x + 6 + 1 = 8$	3) ?
$6x + 7 = 8$	4) ?
$6x = 1$	5) ?
$x = \frac{1}{6}$	6) ?

Extended Response

7. Write a two-column proof.

Given: A is the midpoint of \overline{ZP} .

$$XY = ZA$$

Prove: $XY = AP$

